

VOCABULARY

Plant- a living thing that usually grows from the ground.

Flower- The part of a plant that blossoms.

Leaves- use light, air and water to make food for the plant.

Stem- Carries water and nutrients to different parts of the plant.

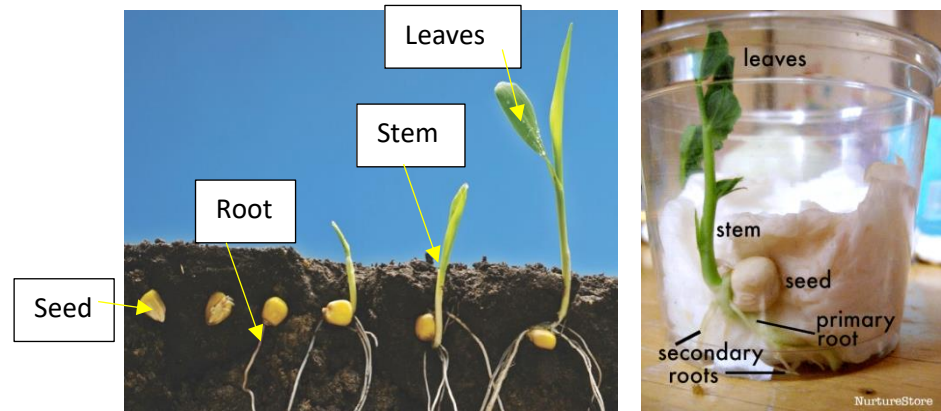
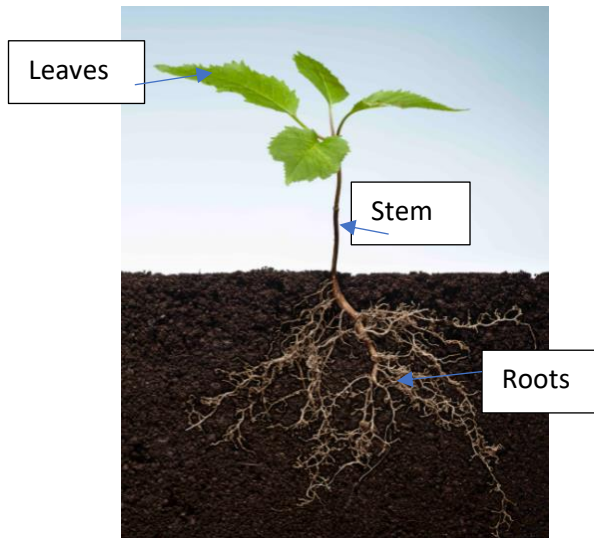
Roots- Holds the plant in the ground and absorbs water and nutrients from the soil.

Seed- production of flowering plant, develops into another plant.

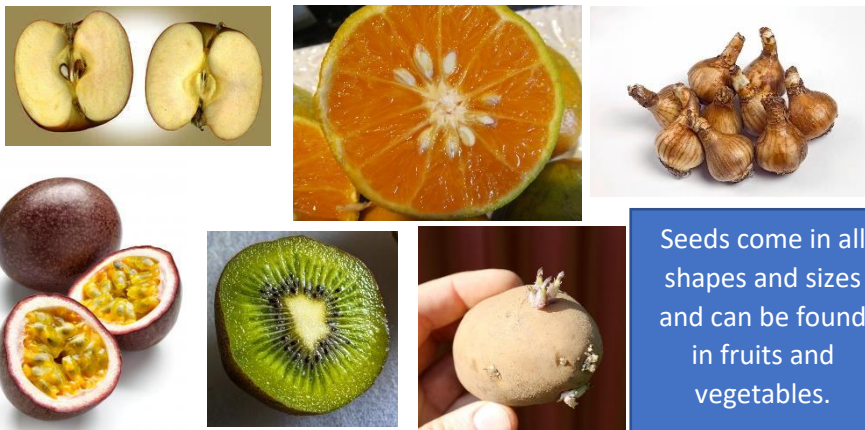
Bulb- round storage system in some plants e.g lily, daffodil.

Bud- compact growth on a plant which develops into a leaf, flower or shoot.

Blossom- a flower or mass of flowers on a tree or bush.



Seeds and bulbs



Seeds come in all shapes and sizes and can be found in fruits and vegetables.

Conditions for growth

Rain/water

Sunlight

Temperature



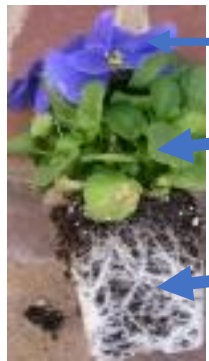
Air

Time

Nutrients



Parts of a flower



Petals/Flower

Leaves

Roots

Common Flowers



Poppy



Stinging Nettle



Snowdrop



Primrose



Buttercup



Daisy



Rose



Pansy



Daffodil



Dandelion

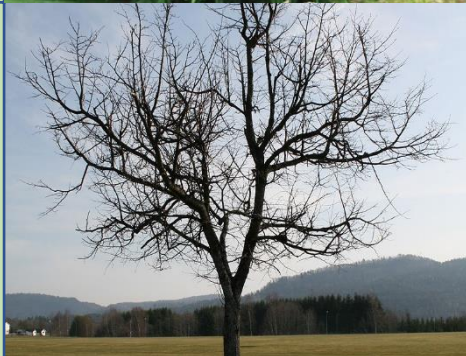
Evergreen/deciduous trees

Evergreen



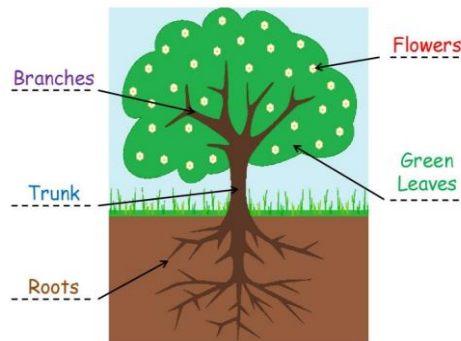
Keeps leaves all year round e.g. pine, cedar, Holly, fir.

Deciduous



Shed their leaves annually e.g. Oak, Maple, Hawthorn, Sycamore, Beech and Elm.

Structure of a tree



Types of leaves



Field Maple



Birch



Beech



Rowan



Holly



Alder



Sycamore



Ash

