



Year 6 Spring 1



How might your worldview impact on the way you understand death and beyond? Christian Worldviews, Muslim Worldviews, Hindu Worldviews, Buddhist Worldviews

Questions:

What is the transcendent and why is it important in some worldviews?

What is the self?

What do Christian worldviews say about life after death?

What do Muslim worldviews say about life after death?

What do Hindu worldviews say about life after death?

What do Buddhist worldviews say about life after

Personal Responsibility



Philosophy



Human and Social Sciences



Key Vocabulary:

Soul: The spiritual part of a person believed to give life to the body and thought to live forever in many worldviews.

Reincarnation: Rebirth after death.

Moksha/ Nirvana: Being released from the cycle of birth and rebirth.

Knowledge Building Blocks:

- 'Transcendence' is about something beyond oneself and this is often part of religious worldviews, usually expressed as a belief in God or a deity of some kind
- Many religious worldviews include concepts about the 'soul' and what makes the 'self' unique
- The concept of 'heaven' or 'paradise' is an important part of life after death in Muslim and Christian worldviews respectively.
- Dharmic worldviews (including Buddhist worldviews and Sanatan Dharma) often have an understanding of rebirth after death as 'reincarnation' (called samsara) and the concept of karma (the necessary effect of actions taken) is an important part of how that works. Those with Dharmic worldviews often seek to be released from the cycle of birth and rebirth, known as 'moksha' in Sanatan Dharma and 'nirvana' or 'reaching enlightenment' in Buddhist traditions